Listing of Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing of claims, in the application:

 (previously presented) A computer-implemented method for use in deriving a chemical structure diagram, comprising:

identifying, from a connection table for a chemical structure, an instance of chemical structural symmetry in the chemical structure;

wherein the instance of symmetry includes symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds;

laying out symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds in the chemical structure diagram to express the identified symmetry; and

outputting a representation of the chemical structure.

2-8. (canceled)

9. (previously presented) A computer-readable storage medium encoded with a set of instructions for use in a computer system to cause the computer system to derive a chemical structure diagram, the instructions causing the system to:

identify, from a connection table for a chemical structure, an instance of chemical structural symmetry in the chemical structure, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry includes symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds; and

lay out symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds in the chemical structure diagram to express the identified symmetry; and

output a representation of the chemical structure.

10-12. (canceled)

13. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on rotational symmetry.

- 14. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on reflective symmetry.
- 15. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on inversive symmetry.
 - 16. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: basing the identification on stereochemistry.

17. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

- basing the identification on rotational symmetry, reflective symmetry, and stereochemistry.
 - 18. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: basing the identification on double bond stereochemistry.
 - 19. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining a pivot point for the list.
 - 20. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining a graph-theoretic center for the list.
 - 21. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining a symmetric order for the instance of chemical structural symmetry.
- 22. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining whether an atom belongs to the identified instance of chemical structural symmetry.
 - 23. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

determining whether a bond belongs to the identified instance of chemical structural symmetry.

24. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

in the event the identified instance of chemical structural symmetry is reflective, selecting a position on an opposite side of a mirror line.

25. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

in the event the identified instance of chemical structural symmetry is rotative, selecting a position based on a pivot point.

26. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

rotating the chemical structure diagram so that a mirror plane in the chemical structure diagram is horizontal.

27. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

rotating the chemical structure diagram so that a mirror plane in the chemical structure diagram is vertical.

28. (previously presented) A computer-implemented method for use in deriving a chemical structure diagram, comprising:

identifying an instance of chemical structural symmetry in the chemical structure;

wherein the instance of symmetry includes symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds;

laying out symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds in the chemical structure diagram to express the identified symmetry; and

outputting a representation of the chemical structure.

 (previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on rotational symmetry.

- (previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on reflective symmetry.
- 31. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the instance of chemical structural symmetry is based on inversive symmetry.
 - 32. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, further comprising:

basing the identification on stereochemistry.

33. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, further comprising:

basing the identification on rotational symmetry, reflective symmetry, and stereochemistry.

34. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, further comprising:

basing the identification on double bond stereochemistry.

35. (previously presented) A computer-readable storage medium encoded with a set of instructions to cause a system to derive a chemical structure diagram, the instructions causing the system to:

identify an instance of chemical structural symmetry in the chemical structure, wherein the instance of symmetry includes symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds;

lay out symmetrically equivalent atoms and bonds in the chemical structure diagram to express the identified symmetry; and

output a representation of the chemical structure.